

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

NO. 97. VOL. 7.1

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1868.

PRICE 6d. or 12 cts.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

EUROPE.

Dates are to the 17th inst. There was a silly rumour in circulation in England to the effect that Lord Clarendon had gone to Rome for the purpose of inducing the Pope to use his influence with the Roman Catholics of the United Kingdom for the suppression of Fenianism. The Government was very active in the arrest of Fenians. A man believed to be Dasey, who was, it will be recollected, recently rescued at Manchester, had been arrested in Ireland. While the Fenian trials were in progress at Cork, on the 15th, a vessel of Greek fire was thrown at one of the witnesses for the Crown; but, fortunately it failed to explode, and no injury was done. At the examination of Lennon, at Dublin, on the 16th, two witnesses positively identified the prisoner as the man who fired the shot and killed the policeman. Additional steamers were being hurried to Bombay to transport more troops, the Government having learned that more force will be necessary to relieve the Abyssinian captives. A dispatch from Trieste, dated Dec. 16th, announces the landing of the remains of Maximilian, with the most solemn ceremonies, in the presence of immense crowds of people. Public buildings as well as private houses were everywhere draped in mourning. The death of Maximilian was communicated to Carlotta for the first time four days before, but the effect of the melancholy news upon the mind of the distracted widow was not known. Matters have again assumed a warlike aspect in Italy. The Garibaldians were reported to be concentrating at Anagnino, and Papal reinforcements were being sent to the frontier to repel the anticipated invasion. France would occupy Rome, and also the frontier. A large class of the Catholic population who had hitherto refused to recognize Victor Emmanuel's Government by voting, had resolved to take an active part in the next parliamentary election. The *Patrie* says the Governments of France and Prussia have agreed together on the Roman question so far as to restore relations between the King of Italy and the States of the Church to act in the States created by the September Convention; and it expresses the hope that Italy will not oppose any obstacle to the accomplishment of this purpose.

The sales of the Italian Ecclesiastical estates, so far, had proved very productive, the prices realized indicating an average appreciation of 43 per cent in the value of the property since it was placed in the market. The appearance of the pamphlet by Prince Napoleon, on the foreign relations and domestic affairs of France, was eagerly awaited. The Turkish Government is seeking to raise a loan in England, for the purpose of improving the mouth of the Danube. It was reported that the Banker Dickens intended bringing suit against the French Government for 13,000,000fr. due on the Franco-Mexican bonds. The aggressive policy of Russia is said to cause much uneasiness in Turkey. A writer in the *St. Petersburg Post* disclaims any desire on the part of Russia for territorial expansion, her only object being security for the Christian subjects of the Porte.

EASTERN STATES.

Dates to the 17th inst. Much anxiety was felt as to the course the President would adopt in the Stanton case. No new developments had taken place. Stanton expressed a determination to stick to office, and the general impression was that the President would resort to extreme measures. A Washington special states that Secretary McCulloch had forbidden the heads of the Treasury department to recognize Stanton as Secretary of War, until his status in that department should be decided. It was said that similar orders had been issued to other executive departments; and it was also said that the President intends to issue a proclamation forbidding officers of the army to hold any communication with Stanton as Secretary of War, and warning them against obeying any orders he may issue.

The impeachment of the President, should he refuse to recognize Stanton, was strongly talked of. In the Jackson, Miss. Convention a resolution was offered to the effect that all persons are entitled to equal civil and political rights, discarding all property qualifications and forever debarbing duelists from the privileges of citizenship. John Jacob Astor, the well known millionaire, died on the 17th January, aged 66 years.

WEST INDIES.

The people of St. Thomas and St. John, says a despatch, received from Santiago de Cuba, voted for annexation to the United States, only 22 negative votes having been cast. Advertisements from St. Domingo state that after a bloody attack, Gen. Ovando took the town of Ofena and established a provisional Government at Porto Platta. Barez was in the field in person, and anticipated being able to take the capital by fire and sword.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, Jan. 18. Gold opened at 124, and closed at the same price to-day. Legal Tenders, 72 @ 73. Flour sales include 400 qr sacks, Manitoba superfine \$7; 100 bus Backeye extra \$8. Wheat sales 600 sacks, low grade, \$2.40; 500 sacks good milling \$2.60 @ 2.65. Barley \$1.80 @ 1.85. Oats \$1.75 @ 1.85.

New Advertisements.

D. Withrow

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

Importer

AND MANUFACTURER

DEALER IN

FURNITURE

BEDDING,

WILLOW-WARE,

WINDOW SASHES,

DOORS, &c.

FURNITURE.

Parlor and Bed-room Suits, Tables, Bureaus, Side-boards, Cupboards, Chairs, Sofas, Couches, What-nots, Wash-stands, Mirrors, Hat-racks, Hassocks, &c. &c.

BEDDING.

Hair Mattresses, Pulu. do.,

Straw do., and Feather beds.

WILLOW WARE.

Baby Carriages, Baby Cradles,

Baskets of every size and description, Toys, in great variety.

WINDOWS, DOORS, &c.

This is the only House in the United Colony that imports and keeps on hand an assortment of Window sash, Doors, and Venetian Blinds of Eastern manufacture. Also, on hand, Window glass, Putty, Wall paper, &c. &c.

MOULDINGS.

In Gilt and Rosewood, for Picture frames, constantly on hand, and Pictures framed with neatness and dispatch.

MUSIC.

Sole Agent for A. McPHAIL & Co's. Grand over-string

PIANOS.

A few superior Instruments now on hand.

All the above Goods being imported direct from the Manufacturers, will be sold at prices which will defy successful competition.

Orders from the up-country are solicited, and will receive special attention.

au31tc

D. WITHROW.

New Westminster, Dec. 18, 1867.

NOTICE.

R. DICKINSON respectfully informs the Public that he has closed the Queen's Market, Front Street, for the winter months. All business will be transacted at the New Westminster Market, Columbia Street, opposite Mr. Holbrook's Stone Building.

1717 te.

New Advertisements.

ST. GEORGE HOTEL

VICTORIA, V. I. B. C.

H. C. HOLDEN.

This spacious fire-proof Family Hotel has Single Rooms and Suites of Rooms for Families, furnished with every desirable requisite for comfort and accommodation.

The Bar and Dining-Room are conducted in first-class style.

TERMS MODERATE

PRIZE SALMON.

PUT up in Kits by Duncan McLean, convenient for family use.

For Sale by W. M. CLARKSON.

ae26 1m

FRENCH'S FISH MARKET

From street, New Westminster.

In the above Market will always be found in season.

FISH

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked.

Also, in season, all kinds of

GAME.

Shipping orders promptly attended to

FREDERICK KAYE.

New Westminster, July 9, 1864. 1716 te

CITY BAKERY

CHOP & COFFEE HOUSE

General Grocery Store!

COLUMBIA STREET.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

The subscriber has completed arrangements for carrying on the above establishment in all its branches, with increased vigor. His numerous customers will continue to be regularly supplied with the best quality of

BREAD

manufactured with the greatest care and cleanliness from the favorite California brands of flour, and at the lowest remunerative prices.

PIES

In every variety and of the most wholesome materials; and

CAKES

Of the most delicious flavour will be constantly kept on hand; while fresh ground.

COFFEE, FRESH EGGS & BUTTER

from the favorite ranches will always be found in stock.

Chops, Steaks, Oysters and Coffee.

served at all hours, and on the shortest notice.

WEDDING CAKES

made in the best style, and Dinner parties supplied on the shortest notice.

Terms—Most reasonable, and business conducted on the CASH principle.

N. B. All parties indebted to the subscriber are hereby notified that immediate settlement must be made; and any parties having claims against him will obtain prompt settlement of the same.

JOSEPH SOREL.

New Westminster, Dec. 18, 1867. 1716 te

D. WITHROW.

New Advertisements.

A. W. PIPER,

CONFECTIONER,

Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

TAKES pleasure in announcing to the Trade that he is prepared to manufacture every variety of Confectionery at the most reasonable rates, and of the purest and best quality.

Orders from the Interior are solicited and will receive prompt attention.

Victoria, March 23d 1867. 1716 te

TO LEASE.

A TWO STORY Dwelling-house, hard-finished throughout, comprising a drawing-room, bed-room, kitchen pantry, wash-room and a large hall fifteen by twenty feet on the ground-floor, and four large bed-rooms, with closets, &c., and a hall fifteen by twenty-three feet on the second floor, together with out-house, &c., complete. Also a large and well kept garden, containing over 100 fruit trees, mostly bearing, and several hundred currant bushes, &c., &c. Also 12 acres of enclosed land, one-half of which is in Timothy. The above property is within five minutes' walk of the centre of the City, and may be had for a term of years upon the most liberal terms.

Apply to W. M. CLARKSON.

New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. 1716 te

HENRY V. EDMONDS

AUCTIONEER, SCRIVENER,

COMMISSION,

General and Real Estate Agent.

Office—Columbia street, near the Church House.

NOTICE.

AFTER this date J. C. BEEDY & Co. are not responsible for damage on Liquids shipped in Tin or Glass, or avoidable detention caused by bridges, road-slides, or any other agency beyond their control, unless special contract made in writing in such goods at the time of shipment.

J. C. BEEDY & Co.

Yale, B. C. Dec. 3d, 1867. 1716 te

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

THAT property known as Wood's Farm and Mills, consisting of Two acres on Richard street, a wharf upon which are built warehouse-sheds and a "piggery" capable of 200 hogs.

This property enjoys a free water-side with sufficient depth for shipping to the wharf.

The whole or any portion will be leased upon the most reasonable terms.

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CHAMPAGNE.

NAPOLEON'S CABINET

BOUCHE.

WE HAVE APPOINTED

Messrs. Grelley & Fitterre

OF VICTORIA,

Our Sole Agents

For Vancouver Island and British Columbia, of our above named Wines.

BOUCHE, FILS & CO.

at Mareuil-sur-Ay, Champagne, France.

ec22

JAMES ELLARD,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Flour, Sugar, Tea, Coffee,

Tobacco, Tinware, Farm

Produce, Fruit, Nails,

Axes, Rope, Fancy Groceries, &c., &c., &c.

BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.

COFFEE MANUFACTURER,

FRONT STREET,

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BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.

COFFEE MANUFACTURER,

FRONT STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Important to Business Men in
Victoria, California, Portland,
and Places on the Sound!

This Journal is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia, and is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for this Colony.

David Spence, 101 Victoria, and L. P. Fraser, in San Francisco, are authorized Agents.

This paper may be read gratuitously in London at the Central Establishment of "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT," 24, Strand, where advertisements and subscriptions for the same are received.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

To all whom it may concern—J. Kennedy.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1868.

INTERNAL POSTAL MATTERS.

In telegraphing ourselves upon the improvement of our foreign relations, so to speak, under the new postal treaty between Great Britain and the United States, we were led to say that the reflection that our fellow colonists in the interior would still be subject to a heavy internal postage rate, tended greatly to modify the satisfaction with which we hailed the new system. These remarks were based upon the assumption that the service between the seaboard and the various places inland would certainly not fall below past comparative efficiency. The case will, however, appear to afford much stronger cause for regret and sympathy when it is known that such a thing as an inland mail service has really had no existence since the first day of the present year! The contract expired with 1867, and we learn that no mail has been dispatched to the interior since the 28th day of December last. Nor does there appear to be any disposition on the part of the Executive to make an effort to send one. We understand that after a great deal of higgling, some sort of offer was made to the late Contractor, but not of a character to entitle it to a moment's consideration. How long this truly deplorable condition of things is likely to continue it is difficult to imagine; but, as we presume the mail contract will not be renewed before the Legislature meets, there is little prospect of relief for a month or two yet; unless, indeed, the Executive should assume the responsibility of making arrangements for an interim service. It is useless to dwell upon the consequences of this unhappy state of matters, especially as regards the people in Cariboo and other interior settlements. To leave the Colony wholly destitute of a mail service, and to do this suddenly and without the slightest warning, is for the Executive to incur a very grave responsibility, one which we think even existing financial embarrassment will hardly justify. While anxious to make due allowance for the most difficult position in which the Government unfortunately finds itself placed—very much in the position of a man who, having been robbed, finds himself without the means of defraying his household expenses, much less to carry forward ordinary enterprises—we must confess ourselves at a loss to understand how the arbitrary and, in its possible consequences, ruinous act of suddenly cutting off all communication with our most important, productive population, during two or three months, can be successfully defended upon purely financial grounds. It is difficult to believe that the two or three thousand dollars necessary to keep up at least monthly communication with Cariboo and the settlements intermediate could not be raised in some way or other. If matters have indeed come to such a pass that so insignificant a sum cannot be raised for so essential a service then must the pruning-knife of retrenchment strike deeper than has yet been suggested even by "Argus." It may possibly be asked: Well, who is to blame for our financial difficulties? The Governor cannot make money. He cannot replenish our empty treasury by a wave of his official wand. True. Nor do we blame the Governor directly for the financial breakers upon which the ship under his charge would appear to have drifted, although on him may, perhaps, not unfairly be laid a share of the blame due to the absence of those precautionary measures necessary to have guarded against the great revenue fraud of 1867, which lies at the bottom of our present financial distress. No one, in the least acquainted with the facts, now doubts that the

unpardonable bungling by which the speculative hoardings of Victoria traders evaded Custom duties, at the time of the ill-starred and ill-advised union, we owe the loss of, at the very least, half of last year's revenue, and probably a fourth, possibly a third of the present year's revenue also. This financial calamity might have been averted by the adoption of those precautionary measures naturally suggested by the circumstances under which a territory in the enjoyment of absolute free-trade was about to be unconditionally incorporated with a colony the fundamental financial principle of which was a Customs tariff. Nay, it might even have been averted by the exercise of a little firmness on the part of the Executive, at the eleventh hour. Still, we fear, that to His Excellency will attach at least a share of the blame. Has he fully discharged the duty, disagreeable, no doubt, but imperative, of reducing the expense of carrying on the Government within the means of the Colony? Has he even exhausted every legitimate means for saving the Colony from the inconvenience and disgrace of having to pass the winter months without any internal mail service? Under a more liberal form of Government the head of the Executive would, by acting upon the advice of his Ministers, leave them solely responsible to the people. But, under our precious system, it would be little short of an absurdity to talk of Members of the Executive being responsible to the people. Who, for the matter of that, is responsible to the people, under the present system? Not the Governor; for he is only responsible to the Crown. Not the heads of departments; for they are only responsible to the Governor. Not the tails of departments; for they are only responsible to the heads. What a system for free-born and free-bred Britons to be governed by, ten thousand miles away from the seat of supreme power! But if the Governor is not responsible to the people in the ordinary political sense he is in another, which, in the absence of a better term, we may be allowed to call moral responsibility. Administering the affairs of a people alone responsible for the "ways and means" necessary to conduct the affairs of the Colony, His Excellency is morally responsible to them for the expenditure of every dollar of the public revenue. It is in this view of the relations which exist between the Governor and the people of British Columbia, that His Excellency would do well to rely more upon his own judgement and common sense, and less upon any suggestions emanating from men whose chief end appears to be to glorify and enrich themselves and their personal friends, at the expense of the unfortunate colonists over whom accident has for the time placed them. The duty of pointing out some of these matters to His Excellency is far from being an agreeable one to us. But, when we see, placed so near to him, those who have earned for themselves a reputation which fully justifies the remarks we are making, when we detect their pernicious policy permeating some branches of his administration, when we see around him men who would not only sacrifice the general interests of the Colony to serve their own selfish ends, but who, while professing to advise and support him, are in reality seeking to superinduce a crisis which, by sacrificing him, will, as they fancy in their heated imaginations, contribute to the restoration of a former regime, and thereby enable them to accomplish their party machinations, we say, when we see these things we feel bound to raise a warning voice and tell His Excellency, in the plainest terms that the people look to him and to him alone for those measures of relief and enlightened liberality necessary to dispel that huge night-mare which has for some time been perceptibly settling down upon every interest. Let His Excellency exercise a little more self-reliance and depend less upon the treacherous reeds by which he is surrounded, and upon which if he lean they will assuredly break in the hour of need and pierce him through with many sorrows. Leaving this more general line of remark, into which an earnest desire for the public welfare and for the success of Governor Sey-

mour's Administration has led us, we would, in conclusion, express the hope that His Excellency, conscious that the people are looking to him, not to his officials, will see to it that the hardy miners and pioneer settlers of the interior, who have contributed so largely towards opening up and improving the Colony, are not left during the dreary winter months without any means whatever of communicating with the outside world, with their business correspondents, or with their families and friends.

A RAY OF HOPE.—We mentioned a few weeks ago that Dr. Black had presented a petition to the Governor, signed by a very large number of people in Cariboo, praying His Excellency to exercise his prerogative of Royal clemency in computation of the sentence of the man Williams. Dr. Black informs us that His Excellency has been graciously pleased to intimate that the unfortunate man may shortly gain his liberty.

New Advertisements.

To all whom it may concern.

THE undersigned, in charge of the School at Langley, will be prepared to take a limited number of boarding scholars, on and after the first of April next. The terms will be fifteen dollars monthly in advance, which will pay for Board, Washing and Tuition; but Books, Bed, Bedding, and whatever Toilet necessities, must be furnished by the pupil. Every attention will be paid to the Intellectual, Moral and Physical advancement of those who may be entrusted to our care.

JAMES KENNEDY.

Langley, B. C., January 25, 1868.

SCOTCH HOUSE,
VICTORIA,
A. MCLEAN & CO.,
GENERAL OUTFITTERS.

IMPORT Clothing direct from the best English and Scotch Markets, and sell retail at wholesale prices for Cash.

BEAVER COATS,
Tweed, Pilot, Doe
and Whitney
PANTS.
OVER
HOSE,
HOSIERY,
COLLARS.
BOYS
CLOTHING
UNDERCLOTHING.
SUITS,
BALIC & WHITE
SHIRTS,
BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Received by last steamer a large addition to their former well-selected stock, Fort St. Jy22 to

THE
BRITISH PERIODICALS

ARE supplied by the subscribers, post paid, to any post office in the Colony, at PUBLISHERS' PRICES, which can be seen in another column.

G. C. CLARKSON & Co.
New Westminster.

GERMAN

CONCERTINAS

LARGE AND SMALL,
Of beautiful tone, just received, and for sale

CHEAP.

G. C. CLARKSON & Co.
Jy22 to

New Advertisements.

S.T-1860-X.

A great French Physician says: "More than half the disease in the world comes from neglect to fortify the system against changes of climate, weather, and food. The great secret of health is to keep the condition of the stomach and blood regular and uniform, so that change from heat to cold, from dry to damp, etc., cannot upset the machinery of the body, and breed disease."

Now, it is a fact, positive and well known, that there is a stomach bulwark and assistant for the stomach as

PLANTATION BITTERS.

This splendid Tonic is now used by all classes of people for every symptom of a "stomach out of order." The secret of it is this: Plantation Bitters are certain to correct the juices of the stomach, set all its machinery at work, and enable it to resist and throw off the approaching danger. The tendency of the operations of these healthy ways towards a cure; all the needs is a little assistance at the proper time. How much more reasonable and sensible it is to help along with a gentle yet powerful Tonic, than to deplete and weaken and deplete her curative powers with poisonous drugs, and thereby mistake which only supply and plant the seeds of disease and death.

Important Certificates.

"I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life."
RAY, W. H., Wagoner, Madrid, N. Y.

"I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. . . . The Plantation Bitters have cured me."
RAY, J. S., Clermont, Rochester, N. Y.

"I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect."
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers Home, Cincinnati, O.

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exalted Nature's great restorer. The public may rest assured that in no case will the perfectly pure standard of the PLANTATION BITTERS be departed from.

Every bottle bears the fac-simile of our signature on a steel plate engraving, or it cannot be genuine.

Any person pretending to sell PLANTATION BITTERS in bulk or by the gallon, is a swindler and impostor. Beware of refilled bottles. See that our Private Stamp is UNMUTILATED over every cork.

Sold at all Druggists, Grocers and Dealers throughout the world.

F. H. Drake & Co., NEW YORK, SOLE PROPRIETORS.
Redington & Co., 416 and 418 Front St.
San Francisco.

Agents for California and Nevada.

FREE FROM POISON.

No article has ever given such positive satisfaction in its use. Its reputation is well known. It is easily and readily taken, without any accompanying cathartic. Beware of counterfeits.

The genuine has the signature of F. H. DRAKE, and the private stamp of F. H. DRAKE & Co. on the wrapper. Beware of this kind of an imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the genuine if you insist you will have no other.

Sold by all druggists and dealers on Pacific Coast.

REDUCTION,
IN
Express Rate.

BARNARD'S EXPRESS.

The rate of charges on letters by Express between New Westminster and Victoria is reduced to 12¢.

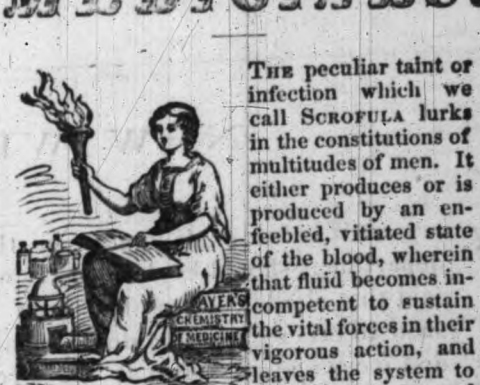
F. J. BARNARD.
New Westminster, B. C.
January 4th, 1868.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the late firm of A. Calder & Kays, of this city, are hereby notified that unless they settle with the undersigned on or before the 31st inst. their accounts will be placed in COURT for COLLECTION, without further notice.

JOHN CALDER.
New Westminster Oct. 10, 1867.

New Advertisements.

AYER'S
MEDICINES.

This peculiar taint or infection which we call SCROFULA lurks in the constitutions of multitudes of men. It either produces or is produced by an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, wherein that fluid becomes incompetent to sustain the vital forces in their vigorous action, and falls into disorder and decay. The scrofulous contamination is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered digestion from unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the constitution, and is transmitted to children under the third and fourth generation; indeed, it seems to be the root of filth which says, "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children." The diseases it originates take their effect upon this class of complexions. These, all having the same origin, require the same remedy, viz., purification and invigoration of the blood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous distempers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted blood, you cannot have health; with that "life of the flesh" healthy, you cannot have scrofulous disease.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is compounded from the most efficient antidotes that medical science has discovered for this afflicting distemper, and for the cure of the disorders it entails. That it is far superior to any other remedy yet devised, is known by all who have given it a trial. That it does combine virtues truly extraordinary in their effect upon this class of complexions, is indisputably proven by the great multitude of publicly known and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases: King's Evil, or Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Eruptions, Pimples, Blisters and Sores, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Coughs from tuberculous deposits in the lungs, White Swellings, Debility, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Syphilis and Syphilitic Infections, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses, and, indeed, the whole series of complaints that arise from impurity of the blood. Minute reports of individual cures may be found in Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which is furnished to the druggists for gratuitous distribution, wherein may be learned the directions for its use, and some of the remarkable cures which it has made when all other remedies had failed to afford relief.

These cases are purposely taken from all sections of the country, in order that every reader may have access to some one who can speak to him of its benefits from personal experience. Scrofula depresses the vital energies, and thus leaves its victims far more subject to disease and its fatal results than are healthy constitutions. Hence it tends to shorten, and does greatly shorten, the average duration of human life. The vast importance of these considerations has led us to spend years in perfecting a remedy which is adequate to its cure. This we now offer to the public under the name of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, although it is composed of ingredients, some of which exceed the best of Sarsaparilla in alternative power. By its aid you may protect yourself from the suffering and danger of these disorders. Purge out the foul corruptions that rot and fester in the blood, purge out the causes of disease, and vigorous health will follow. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus expels the distempers which lurk within the system or burst out on any part of it.

We know the public have been deceived by many compounds of Sarsaparilla, that promised much and did nothing; but they will neither be deceived nor disappointed in this. Its virtues have been proven by abundant trial, and there remains no question of its surpassing excellence for the cure of the afflicting diseases it is intended to reach. Although under the same name, it is a very different medicine from any other which has been before the people, and is far more effective than any other which has ever been available to them.

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL.

The World's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive patients in advanced stages of the disease.

This has been so long used and so universally known, that we need do no more than assure the public that its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do all it has ever done.

Prepared by
Dr. J. C. AYER & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists every where.

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and Dr. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

ALL persons in the Town and District of New Westminster liable to pay a License under the License Ordinance, 1867, are required to pay the same into the office at the Court House, on or before the 15th FEBRUARY. Any defaulter will be proceeded against under the provisions of the said "Ordinance."

H. M. BALL,
Jy11 lm Stipendiary Magistrate.

New Advertisements.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.

The London Quarterly Review, (Monthly)

The Edinburgh Review, (Monthly)

The Westminster Review, (Monthly)

The North British Review, (Monthly)

Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Monthly)

These periodicals are ably sustained by the contributions of the best writers on Science, Religion, and General Literature, and stand unrivalled in the world of letters. They are indispensable to the scholar and the professional man, and to every reading man, as they furnish a better record of the current literature of the day than can be obtained from any other source.

TERMS FOR 1868.

For any one of the Reviews, \$4.00 per annum
For any two of the Reviews, 7.00
For any three of the Reviews, 10.00
For any four of the Reviews, 13.00
For any five of the Reviews, 16.00
For Blackwood's Magazine, 4.00
For Blackwood and one Review, 7.00
For Blackwood and two of the Reviews, 10.00
For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, 13.00
For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 16.00

POSTAGE.

Subscribers should prepay by the quarter at the office of delivery. The Postage to any part of the United States is Two Cents a number. This rate only applies to current subscriptions. For back numbers the postage is double.

BACK NUMBERS.

Subscribers, by remitting direct to the Publishers, may obtain back numbers at the following reduced rates, viz:

The North British from January, 1863, to December, 1867, inclusive: Edinburgh and the Westminster, from April, 1864, to December, 1867, inclusive, and the London Quarterly for the years 1865, 1866 and 1867, at the rate of \$1.50 a year for each or any Review; also, Blackwood for 1866 and 1867, for \$2.00 a year, or the two years together for \$4.00.

THE LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
140 Fulton Street, N. Y.

The L. S. PUB. CO. also publish the
FARMER'S GUIDE,
By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 600 pages, and numerous Engravings.
Price \$7 for the two volumes—by Mail, post paid, \$8.
Jy18 1868. ly

WILLIAM CLARKSON.

DEALER IN
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
FRUITS,
AND

Vegetables.

All kinds of Farm Produce bought and sold.

COLUMBIA STREET
NEW WESTMINSTER.

DIARIES

FOR
1868,
FOR SALE AT

G. C. Clarkson & Co.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that we have this day disposed of all our interest in the Express business known as Dietz & Nelson's British Columbia and Victoria Express, to F. J. BARNARD, of Barnard's Cariboo Express, and beg to solicit for him a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon us for the past five years.

DIETZ & NELSON.
New Westminster, Dec. 2d, 1867.

In reference to the above notice we have to request immediate payment of all sums due us, and any parties having claims against us will oblige us by presenting the same at New Westminster for settlement.

DIETZ & NELSON.
New Westminster, Dec. 6th, 1867.

The British Columbian.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1868.

THE RENEGADE ANNEXATIONIST.

The Editor, so called, of the *Victorian Colonist*, who would appear to possess all the bad qualities of a Cobbett, without his talent, is still attempting the impossibility of convincing his readers that he never herded with traitors, that he did not in April last advocate annexation to the United States as the only antidote for the numerous ills under which this Colony was, according to his ravings, rapidly sinking. After having his annexation articles reproduced and commented upon by the American Press, after having his paper referred to by the Hon. Joseph Howe, when speaking against Confederation, to prove that the people of British Columbia would never come into the folds of the Dominion, this political reprobate actually has the audacity to come out with a flat denial that he ever favored annexation at all! We have no doubt that the fellow sincerely regrets having so fully and so foolishly committed himself to the annexation movement which sprung up at Victoria at the period to which we allude. Caught by the bogus telegram that Stanley and Seward were negotiating for the transfer of British Columbia to the United States, he believed that annexation was the winning card, and he accordingly played it, and lost. But his regret is not of that character which indicates genuine repentance.

"He who seeks repentance for the past must win the Angel Virtue in the future." But, this miserable political prostitute, instead of "winning the Angel Virtue," still worships at the shrine of Janus; and is becoming more depraved, more utterly lost to every sentiment of honor and virtue every day. The excuse with which he doubtless tries to justify himself for having gone for annexation, may be fittingly expressed in the language of a Southern stump-orator, who excused himself for having gone for secession:—"Why didn't I go again secess? Why? My beloved, because my Saint secessit, and I was carried along by a torrent of public opinion which I could not stem, and I went with her." But when he discovered that he had become the victim of a silly *canard*, when he found the annexation cause was not very likely to present a favorable field for the exercise of his peculiar talents, when he discovered that it was, in fact, no cause at all, he at once tacked round and roared loyalty with all his might, in the hope that by the very violence of his howlings, he would cover his ludicrous attitude and ignoble retreat. But, what cares he for a reputation which can hardly suffer from any inconsistency he could possibly be guilty of? Well may he say, in the language of Hosea Biglow, "Wait, suppose we wait, and suppose we wait, we were ready just morning to come out with fresh ones."

Part of the business is that this same abandoned fellow turns round and charges us with maligning and insulting the people of Victoria by saying that a certain proportion of them were or are in favor of annexation! Just hear his concluding sentence:—"We shall take very good care, if the reputation of the people of Vancouver Island for loyalty be at stake at the Colonial Office, that it shall not suffer at the hands of a writer so notoriously disloyal as he of the *Columbian* has proved himself to be." Shades of ————

This from the renegade organ of the annexationists! This from one who has, by his political tergiversation and moral obliquity, earned for himself the appellations, "renegade," "traitor," "apostate," &c. When the *Colonist* declared that nine out of every ten of the people of Vancouver Island were longing for annexation, when the *News* stated with equal positiveness that every man, woman and child, Government officials only excepted, was in favor of annexation, when the *Nanaimo Tribune* endorsed these statements to the full, when all the three papers, published upon the Island, and presumed to be, to some extent at least, an index to public opinion, thus spoke, how could it be offering an insult to the people of Victoria, how could it be maligning them for us to call them, in part, annexation-

ists? If they have been misrepresented, insulted, maligned, they owe it to their own delusion. Poss, not to those at a distance who may have been misled by that Press. His attempt to turn the charges of treason upon ourselves is an old dodge which we are not careful to answer. The article from which he quotes, in proof of the ridiculous charge, was written partly in joke and partly in earnest; partly in earnest because, assuming that the *Colonist* told the truth when it declared that the people were anxious for annexation to the United States, we considered it the best way to get rid of what is of little real value to the Colony, and what there is too much reason to fear will continue to be an element of weakness rather than strength; would be to turn it into ready money with which to pay off the indebtedness of British Columbia, and give a good start to the overland railroad; and if our contemporary is anxious to know why the remaining articles of the promised "series" never appeared in print, we will tell him candidly that it was simply because we discovered that he slandered the people of Vancouver Island when he stated that nine-tenths of them wanted annexation. We became satisfied that a large portion of the British subjects resident on the Island were just as much opposed to annexation as those on the Mainland; and, under these circumstances, we, of course, could not advocate the sale of the Island. It was only on the supposition that the people earnestly desired the transfer that we suggested a mode of at once "raising the wind" and ridding the Colony of a hot-bed of political demagogues and treason-plotting persons. Our contemporary is in error, however, in saying that the remaining articles of the series were written, as he also is, in the cause he assigns for their non-publication. But why should we stop to bandy words with a chimney-sweep? Why attempt to reform such a political reprobate? We do but waste our pearls. Even remonstrance is out of the question; he should be treated with a half-pitying, half-contemptuous smile. He is, after all, a very harmless sort of being, who has evidently bestowed more pains on his literary ornaments than on his brains. Wrath in such a case "Resembles anointing totempest to a waft a feather or to drown a fly."

VICTORIA ITEMS.
Harris' pond has been for some time the daily resort of ladies and gentlemen for amusement upon the ice. A public meeting for the purpose of seeking speedy admission into the Canadian Confederacy is spoken of. The str. Emily Harris is again afloat, having undergone repairs. The American topsail schooner Juanita arrived from San Francisco on Sunday, with 300 tons of general merchandise, consigned to Millard & Bedy. The Otter was awaiting the arrival of the Del Norte, when she would leave for the north, carrying a quantity of stores for the garrison at Alaska. Mr. Legh Harnett delivered his second lecture on Monday evening. Owing to the unfavorable state of the weather the attendance was not so large as it should have been. The lecture is described by the local papers as a brilliant effort, and the publication of both lectures in pamphlet form was talked of. Capt. Cooper sailed in search of the stranded Fraser River buoys, on the Gunboat Forward, on Tuesday. Mr. E. B. Barles, a well known citizen of Victoria, and formerly a resident of Toronto, Ontario, expired at his residence, on Tuesday. The telegraph ship Nightingale had arrived from San Francisco. She brought 1405 coils of wire, 40,000 insulators, and 30,000 brackets, valued at \$15,000. The English ship Dorchester arrived in 14 days from San Francisco. She is consigned to Capt. Stanger and will take in a cargo of lumber at his mills, at Burrard Inlet. The Bellingham Bay Coal Mine is again on fire, and preparations are being made to inundate it. The H.B. Co's ship Prince of Wales, was to sail for England on Thursday. The Central School was re-opened on Wednesday. The Teacher is now paid by the parents of children in attendance. The District

School is to be opened on the 27th. Mr. C. W. Wallace was up before Judge Needham for examination in Bankruptcy, on Wednesday. Mr. Wallace passed his examination at New Westminster, but Judge Needham ignores the jurisdiction of the Court.
FROM THE INTERIOR.
Barnard's Cariboo Express arrived from Cariboo on Wednesday evening, bringing dates to the 3d inst. The express was brought down from Yale by Mr. Burgess of that town, who was accompanied by Mr. Frauenthal and Mr. Oppenheim. There is very little news. Owing to the severity of the weather, comparatively little mining was being done. The Minié mine, on Mosquito Gulch, continued to yield large dividends. For the week ending 29th Dec. it paid a dividend of \$322, to the share! There was a good head of water and work will, in all probability, be continued in the claim throughout the winter. A concert and dramatic performance took place at Barkerville, the last of the year, for the benefit of the Reading room. Both entertainments were most successful, more so than any previous effort of the kind. Mr. H. S. Blunt appeared on the programme as Mr. Charles Matthews, in both pieces, viz. "Fish out of the water," and "Box and Cox," and at the conclusion was smothered by a shower of bouquets, but of veritable *suggets*! In the central districts the cold had been intense. At Clinton the thermometer is said to have indicated 40° below zero. Our Lillooet dates are to the 29th ult., but are unimportant. A correspondent, writing under that date, says:—"The weather here for the past three weeks has been, according to my idea of things, horribly cold. The mercury gets down below zero, and to all appearance intends stopping there all winter. This a.m., at daylight, it was 30° below zero. On several occasions we have had it as low as that this winter already. The snow is about 10 inches deep and as dry as flour. We have not had three hours' rain in three months."

BWARE!—For some time back a rumor has been in circulation to the effect that it is the intention of the Government to increase considerably the rates of duty imposed under the present Customs tariff. We have endeavored to trace this rumor to its source and are disposed to treat it as an attempt at speculation on the part of certain traders, in order to make present stocks go off more lively and bring, perhaps, better prices. So far as the intentions of the Government are concerned, we do not speak by authority when we say that there is not sufficient ground to justify the rumor. It is possible, nay, highly probable, that on dry goods and, perhaps, one or two other articles, upon which the rate of duty was materially and, we think, erroneously reduced last session, the rates will be raised probably to the old figure, possibly above it. But, so far as the tariff as a whole is concerned, we do not believe there is any intention on the part of the Government to tamper with it. Nothing could exert a more pernicious influence upon our commerce than very frequent radical changes in the Customs tariff. It would not only shake commercial confidence, but it would also have a tendency to effect the credit of the Colony, by weakening confidence in its revenue; the major portion of which is derived from that source. Besides, the present tariff has hardly had a fair trial yet; and, so far as we are aware, it has given very general satisfaction during the few months it has been in force.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN

an honor not likely ever to fall to the lot of our Victoria contemporary, an honor which we thank him for paying us, and which we would be sorry to repudiate, could we wear it without injustice to others. But we can assure our contemporary that it needs no "bogus correspondence" to "cause it to appear that the public of British Columbia are in favor of Mr. Trutch's removal."

THE ENTERTAINMENT.—The second Drawing-room entertainment was given at Government House last evening in aid of the Public Library. The lateness of the hour at which it closed prevents our giving the entertainment more than a mere passing notice. It commenced with the *March* entitled "Only a half-penny," after which a number of glees, solos and songs were exceedingly well rendered by several ladies and gentlemen, and by the Orpheus glee-club. The entertainment concluded with the farce "Sent to the Tower." In both pieces the acting was good. The attendance was large, if the shortness of the notice be considered, and the whole affair was a gratifying success—gratifying to His Excellency the Governor and Mrs. Seymour, who have voluntarily incurred so much inconvenience and expense in order to afford amusement to the public and much needed aid to deserving public institutions; gratifying to those ladies and gentlemen who have taken so much trouble to contribute to that result and gratification on the part of those who have been amused, and who have a common interest in the maintenance of the institutions in question.

THE TIME OF DAY.—Mr. G. C. Clarkson, Captain of the Hyack Co., intimated to the City Council, some time ago, that if a town clock were placed in the Hyack Hall at the expense of the Municipality, the Company would undertake to ring the bell at twelve, noon, and at six p.m. each day. The Council having accepted the proposition, the Hyack Company met on Thursday evening and passed a formal resolution, ratifying the arrangement. The want of some sort of time regulator for the town has long been felt, and the public will doubtless appreciate the action of the Hyacks and also the ready response of the Council.

THOM SWANSEN.—Three large Indian canoes arrived on Thursday and two more arrived yesterday from Suwasen, near Point Roberts, laden with vegetables. They met with neither ice nor ice-jam in the river in any way calculated to impede their progress. Indeed, we have every reason to believe that no obstruction sufficient to justify the steamer in missing a single trip to this Port has existed.

POST OFFICE MONEY ORDERS.—Now that the advantages of a book post have been extended to this Colony, why should we not have the money order system introduced? Such a system would prove of immense advantage to this Colony, both as respects interior transactions and the transmission of small sums to England, Canada or the United States.

UNDER SECRETARY.—Amongst the passengers who arrived last week was Mr. Lowndes, who has come out from England to fill the position of Under Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.

FROM VICTORIA.—The str. Enterprise, Capt. Swanson, arrived in our harbor on Thursday about 2 p.m., and left at 10 a.m. yesterday.

THE MAIL STEAMER.—The str. Del Norte is expected to arrive at Victoria to-morrow, and we shall probably have the mails up by the Enterprise on Monday.

A MAN'S NEST.—The renegade annexationist of the *Victoria Colonist* professes to have made the astounding discovery that our correspondent "Argus" and the editor of this journal are one and the same individual. It is not in the least surprising that he should arrive at a conclusion so very natural to one who habitually resorts to tricks similar to that which he attributes to us. The incident about the authorship of the *Chronicle's* "London Letters" will yet be fresh in the minds of the public. To be accused of writing the letters signed "Argus," which have occasionally appeared in these columns, during the past few years, is

an honor not likely ever to fall to the lot of our Victoria contemporary, an honor which we thank him for paying us, and which we would be sorry to repudiate, could we wear it without injustice to others. But we can assure our contemporary that it needs no "bogus correspondence" to "cause it to appear that the public of British Columbia are in favor of Mr. Trutch's removal."

CONVERSATION BETWEEN THE "QUEEN" AND HIS "SPIRIT."
My dear soul linger yet awhile, before we take our last adieu. Great Neptune will with anger boil, When my sad case he hears from you.
Tell him, I, to the Inlet came, Was let in bad against my will. Got grabbed up in a grabbing game; That's sometimes played about the mill.
Say in good spirits, sure I am, Tho' well he'll know, my own hath fled, I'm counted out by vulgar man, Yet I can number with the dead.
Tell Neptune, tho' sad be my plight, Yet men with hearts can gaze upon My latter end, tho' such a sight, Might move the heart of any stone.
And hearts of flint, too, might have bled, To see how bumpkins poke their fun, The little chignon on my head, They call the trigger of a gun.
And even worse by far to hear, A lad named Tompkins swear right slap The trigger, tho' it may seem queer, Was nothing but a queer rat trap.
He had a fish so like to me, O! he swore that it was no sell The rat trap part, he sent to sea A present to a naval swell.
For as the trap was at the head, (It's logic true I believe) A d-d big rat, in spite, he said, Did eat its caudal fin, and run.
O would that they could have some shame And cease their searching Doctor One Or Chambers through, to find my name Tho' spotted, it has e'er been pure.
I wish you'd rap as mediums do, And say they must not stuff me, Then say I'm like a rabbit too, My pectorals like a porker's ears.
I'm blenny, with a lamprey tail, And none think I look like a whale, But class me with chimeras dire.
Tell Nep they say all this of me, I've little more to say to you, There is more like me in the sea, Fly to them spirit and Adieu!

SOMETHING NEW.—The well known Publishing House of Harper & Bros. New York have commenced publishing a Weekly Paper of FASHIONS called *Harper's Bazaar*. It is the best thing in the Fashion line yet issued. Each number contains six pages of Plates, besides a sheet of Patterns and ten pages of reading matter. The first four numbers can be seen at G. C. Clarkson & Co.'s Bookstore, where subscriptions are solicited. Price per year \$7.50, per half-year, \$4.00, to up country subscribers \$8.50 per year and \$4.50 per half-year, postage paid.

WE HAD IN AYER'S AMERICAN ALMANAC (now ready for delivery gratis by all the Druggists) the remarkable statement that the temperature of the earth has not diminished more than 1-398th part of one degree Fahrenheit for 2000 years. To our enquiry how he could make such an assertion, Dr. Ayer writes us the following answer:—"Hipparchus gives the exact record of an eclipse in his time. This enables us to measure with extreme accuracy the earth's diurnal revolutions since to any eclipse now. Diminution of its heat would by concentration, shorten its axis and consequently its time of revolution on its axis. The data show that this change has been only such as I state it, mathematically and indisputably true.—*New York Journal*."

If you wish the very best CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, you must call on BRADLEY & RULOFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

New Advertisements.

MURDER!

REWARD!!

Oh! what a Slaughter!!!

DALZIEL & BRIGHOUSE

HAVE COMMENCED

KILLING 40,000

Pounds of PORK that never saw fish—beautiful Dairy-fed pork, white as a chicken and sweet as a sugar-plum. Heads, Feet, Placks, Lard, Tails. Ears for sale cheap, very cheap.

The Bacon and Hams are too good to sell.

Apply immediately if you want a choice and fresh article at a price to suit the times.

Now's the time for

'PIGS' TROTTERS'

A Reward of \$10,000

will be paid to any person who detect the taste or smell of his meat.

New Westminster, January 14th, 1868.

TO LET

THE whole or part of the house occupied by Mr. Withrow, on Avenue.

Application to W. E. Clark New Westminster, Jan'y. 21, 1868.

NOTICE TO RATEPAYER

NOTICE is hereby given to the Ratepayers of the City of New Westminster that the Municipal Tax for the current year is now due, and they are requested to pay the same to the Collector at his Office, on or before the 1st day of February next.

By order of the Council, HENRY V. EDMONDS, Collector. New Westminster, November 6th, 1867.

NEW MARKET

CORNER OF Front Street and Lytton Square.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a market for the sale of Poultry, Game, Fish, &c., &c.

ALSO—

OYSTERS, CLAMS & CRABS

IN THE SHELL OR OPENED.

Attached to the above establishment is a

LUNCH HOUSE,

Where parties can be accommodated at all hours, day or night, with Oysters, Clams, Crabs, Pigs Feet, Game, Coffee, Tea, &c.

O. W. BROWNE, no. 30, 67.

ST. GEORGE HOTEL

VICTORIA, V. I., B. C.

H. C. HOLDEN.

This spacious fire-proof Family Hotel has Single Rooms and Suites of Rooms for Families, furnished with every desirable requisite for comfort and accommodation.

The Bar and Dining-Room are conducted in first-class style.

TERMS MODERATE

Feb 10

TO CARIBOO.

FORWARDING DIRECT.

THE undersigned hereby notifies all whom it may concern that they have now perfected arrangements by which they are prepared to undertake the prompt, safe, speedy and cheap forwarding of goods from Yale to Cariboo. They have a strong team of mule teams upon the route, and possess the means of undertaking the conveyance of any quantity of freight on the shortest route and at the most reasonable rates. Those having freight to be done will save, in time, money and risk, by choosing this efficient and reliable medium.

J. C. BEEDY & Co. Yale, December 6th, 1867.

New Advertisements.

EARLY CLOSING AGREEMENT.

WE the undersigned Traders and Storekeepers in New Westminster, B. C., do hereby pledge ourselves to the following clauses:—
1. On and after Monday the 18th day of November, 1887, we will close our Stores at half past seven o'clock, p. m., until a new arrangement is generally agreed upon.
2. Saturday will be an exception to the above rule, on which days we agree to close our Stores at 9 o'clock, p. m.
3. The time of closing to be announced by the ringing of the Tower Bell; the Bell Ringers' charges to be defrayed by our "pro rata" subscriptions.
4. Any infringement of the foregoing clauses shall be visited by a fine of Five Dollars for each infringement. The fines shall be placed at the disposal of the Directors of the Royal Columbian Hospital, to whom also is hereby given the power to collect the same.

JOHN CUNNINGHAM, BROTHERS,
J. S. CLUTE,
JAMES ELLARD,
W. J. ARMSTRONG,
W. CLARKSON,
A. B. GRAY,
JOHN CALDER,
FREDK. RICKIOFF,
G. R. ASHWELL,
G. CLARKSON & Co.,
H. HOLBROOK,
D. WITHROW.

FOR
GOOD AND CHEAP
CHRISTMAS CAKES,
PIES

CONFECTIONERY!

Go to the

CITY BAKERY.
JOSEPH SOREL.

de18

BURRARDINLET

STAGE LINE.

The undersigned announces to the public that he has established a daily line of Stages between New Westminster and Burrard Inlet. The Stages will start from the

ORO RESTAURANT,

COLUMBIA STREET

EVERY MORNING,

TEN O'CLOCK,

Returning the same day, leaving Brighton at 3 o'clock, p. m.

FARE, \$1 EACH WAY.

ool2tc

W. R. LEWIS.

FOR SALE.

AN excellent Farm on the Pitt River Road, within 2 1/2 miles of the city, comprising 50 acres of excellent prairie land, covered with good grass. Terms most liberal. For particulars apply

Wm. CLARKSON,
New Westminster, May 31st 1887. ju1te

TO LET.

THE whole or part of the house lately occupied by Mr. Withrow, on the Royal Avenue.

Application to W. E. CORMACK,
New Westminster, Jan. 21, 1888. *

NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Ratepayers of the City of New Westminster that the Municipal Tax for the current year is now due, and they are requested to pay the same to the Collector at his Office, on or before the 1st day of February next.

By order of the Council,
HENRY V. EDMONDS,
Collector.
New Westminster, November 9th, 1887.

New Advertisements.

CURE IS AT HAND!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Scorbutic Eruptions, as Sore Heads and Scrofulous Swellings.

If this powerful Ointment be well rubbed into the parts affected, all skin disease will be speedily overcome. It acts not by repression, but regulation. It enters the system as salt enters meat, and operates not locally only, but constitutionally purifying the whole system, neutralizing all depraved humors, and affecting a radical and complete cure. The Pills should be taken as an auxiliary to the Ointment, as they are prepared to act in unison with it, facilitating and confirming the conquest of the disease.

Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Quinsy.

The above complaints have for twenty years been treated with Holloway's Ointment and Pills with complete success. The cure have been so remarkable, and so easily cured by these medicines, that even the common cure should be effected by this means.

The Kidneys, Stone and Gravel.

In these complaints, the Ointment almost acts like a charm, providing it is very effectively rubbed over the regions of the kidneys, and the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, when the most extraordinary cures may be effected by this means.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Scrofulous Sores, and Glandular Swellings.

In such cases the Ointment operates surely and with rapidity that is wonderful. It should be rubbed into the parts affected, after they have been fomented with lukewarm water. The purifying and curative powers of this marvellous ointment have never failed. Any old sore, wound or ulcer always yields to its influence, and in cases of bad breasts, or milk fever, its action is wonderful. Glandular swellings may soon be reduced by following the printed directions.

The Action of the Heart, Dropsy.

The last named disease is commonly preceded by irregular action of the heart, and difficult respiration; which symptoms are always severe, and ever go from bad to worse, unless proper means of cure are resorted to. In Holloway's marvellous Ointment and Pills the dropped patient will ever find succor; the present relief derived from the use of these remedies is marvellously quick, and perseverance in the application of this famous Ointment, invariably results in a cure. They act with such energy on the circulation and absorbent system, that the dropsical fluid vanishes, and the sufferer feels all the oppressive symptoms daily decline, all natural health returns.

May be cured with the greatest certainty if large quantities of the Ointment be well worked into the complaining parts, and the Pills be taken for some time. It is no use to smear it on the skin only; it must be got into the system. Take as many Pills nightly as will act two or three times during the 24 hours; reduce the use of coffee, and all stimulants. When these complaints are leaving the system, the violence of the complaint frequently seems to increase.

Indiscretion of Youth.

Sores, ulcers and swellings can with certainty be cured if this Ointment be thoroughly rubbed all round the complaining parts, twice or thrice a day, keeping them open with linen rag spread with the same.

The Pills must be taken according to the printed directions. The blood being in an impure state, perseverance is necessary. From humane motives letters of advice will be answered gratuitously. Write to the proprietor, who will send you the name of the nearest Dispensary, and not from Holloway's Establishment.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs, Chapped hands, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Still Joint, Sore Throat, Skin-disease, Scrofulous Swellings, Scurvy, Sore-heads, Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, Rheumatism, Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of PROPRIETOR HOLLOWAY, 224, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—Is. 1/2d, 2s, 3s, 4s, 5s, 6s, 7s, 8s, 9s, 10s, 11s, 12s, and 13s, each Pot.

*There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

CLINTON HOTEL,

CLINTON CITY,

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE Subscribers, for many years Proprietors of the Twenty-nine Mile House, Douglas Portage, beg to announce that having purchased the

CLINTON HOTEL

property, they are prepared to afford excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The table will at all times be well supplied, and in the Bar will be found the choicest liquors.

Ample stabling for animals and the best of feed constantly on hand.

They respectfully invite a call from their old customers, as well as the travelling public generally.

J. SMITH & Co.,
CLINTON, B. C., 22d Aug. 1887. te

LUMBER.

THE British Columbia and Vancouver Island Spar, Lumber and Saw Mill Company, Limited, are prepared to contract for the delivery of Lumber at New Westminster on the following terms:—

Rough lumber \$11 1/2 m.
Planed t. & g. flooring, 16 "
" Cedar, 20 "
" Clear Spruce, 16 "

EDWARD STAMP,
noll 1m Manager.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that we have this day disposed of all our interest in the Express business known as Dietz & Nelson's British Columbia and Victoria Express, to F. J. BARNARD, of Barnard's Cariboo Express, and beg to solicit for him a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon us for the past five years.

DIETZ & NELSON,
New Westminster, Dec. 2d, 1887. de7

In reference to the above notice we have to request immediate payment of all sums due us, and any parties having claims against us will oblige us by presenting the same at New Westminster for settlement.

DIETZ & NELSON,
New Westminster, Dec. 6th, 1887.

New Advertisements.

PRINTING

FOR THE.....

MILLION.

POSTERS, CIRCULARS, BILL-HEADS, BUSINESS CARDS, STEAMBOAT TICKETS, PROGRAMMES, WAY-BILLS, PAMPHLETS, SHOW CARDS, LABELS, and PRINTED FORMS

Of every description, executed in a manner

That will defy competition.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN SHOULD use printed Billheads, as they not only save time, but look more business-like, and serve as an advertisement.

EVERY KEEPER OF PUBLIC HOUSE should have printed cards for distribution among the Miners, and large Show Cards, in colors, to exhibit on Steamboats, &c.

EVERY STEAMBOAT OWNER, Merchant, Trader, Hotel-keeper, or Expressman, doing business in this Colony, should get his Printing done in the office of the

BRITISH COLUMBIAN,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER!

WHERE.....

ENTIRE SATISFACTION

IS GUARANTEED.

THE PROPRIETOR would respectfully inform Merchants and Traders of British Columbia, as well as Steamboat Owners and all whom it may concern, that having recently made extensive additions to his

PRINTING PLANT

OF THE.....

BRITISH COLUMBIAN NEWSPAPER,

He is now prepared to execute with promptitude every description of

PLAIN

AND.....

ORNAMENTAL

BOOK & JOB

PRINTING

In a style and at prices which will compare favorably with any office upon the Pacific coast.

Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive careful and prompt attention.

JOHN ROBSON,
Proprietor.

New Advertisements.

GREAT REDUCTION

COLONIAL HOTEL,

Soda Creek.

W'LESEE & SEXAY, PROPRIETORS.

BEG to Return Thanks to their patrons for the past and in order to suit the times they have reduced the scale of prices, viz:—

MEALS.....\$1 00
BEDS.....75
BOARD AND LODGING, per day.....3 50
do do per week.....15 00

Having recently made large additions to the premises so as to give

First-class Accommodation in the

Eating and Sleeping

Departments.

They hope to merit an extended support in the future.

Private Rooms for Families.

AT THE BAR

Will always be found the Choicest Brands of WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

If you want pure ALE

That is not stale,

DRINK

BUNSTER

AGENT, H. HOGAN.

COLONIAL HOTEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Grelley & Arnaud

Hotel and Restaurant,

BILLIARD SALOON,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINE, LIQUORS, PORTER, BRANDIES, RUM, CIDER, SYRUPS, &c.

which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or case.

THE BEST BRANDS OF

CIGARS,

HAVANA, MANILLA and CHEROOTS.

New Westminster, June 12 1887. je12 te

NOTICE.

THIS is to notify all signers of the "Early Closing Agreement" that the Subscriber withdraws from said Agreement on and after this date.

JOHN S. CLUTE,
New Westminster, Dec. 11, 1887.

NOTICE.

Estate of Oppenheimer & Co.

DIVIDEND No. 3 will be paid at the Office of Mr. Weissburger, Government St., on and after Wednesday, the 11th inst.

This being a FINAL DIVIDEND, the attendance of principals is requested to facilitate the closing of the Estate.

ROBERT BURNABY,
DAVID LENEVE,
F. WEISSBURGER,
Trustees Oppenheimer & Co's Estate.
de19 1m

TO CARIBOO.

FORWARDING DIRECT.

THE undersigned hereby notify all whom it may concern that they have now perfected arrangements by which they are prepared to undertake the prompt, safe, speedy and cheap forwarding of goods from Yale to Cariboo. They have a strong train of mule teams upon the route, and possess the means of undertaking the conveyance of any quantity of freight on the shortest notice and at the most reasonable rates. Those having freight to be done will save, in time, money and risk, by choosing this efficient and reliable medium.

J. C. BEEDEY & Co.,
Yale, December 9th, 1887 te

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Calder & Keays, of this city, are hereby notified that unless they settle with the undersigned on or before the 31st inst. their accounts will be placed in COURT for COLLECTION, without further notice.

JOHN CALDER,
New Westminster Oct. 10 1887. de7

NOTICE.

SIXTY-FOUR acres of excellent land situate on the South bank of the Fraser River, nearly opposite the Camp One-hat of this land is open prairie, quite above high water mark, and covered with good grass.

Terms very tempting.

Apply to Wm. CLARKSON,
New Westminster, May 11th, 1887. te

FOR SALE.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership for some time existing between the undersigned, under the style of P. L. Anderson & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of December, 1887.

All debts due to the late firm are to be paid to P. L. Anderson, who will settle all claims against the same.

P. L. ANDERSON,
W. EVANS.

New Advertisements.

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA,

ADVICE GRATIS!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases. From Emory Eden, a well-known merchant of Portland, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blisters, Pastules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. John Stratton, Bristol, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had an affecting humor in her ears, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rick, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Louisville, Ky.

"Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of cancelled papers in Nauvoo, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a medicine could do, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Holt, Seattle, Houston St., New York.

"DR. AYER. I seldom fail to remove Eruptions and Scrofulous Sores by the persevering use of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of Malignant Erysipelas with it. No alternative means equals the SARSAPARILLA. You have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Walsingham, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars of medicine. The ulcers dried out, but the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your SARSAPARILLA. Took two bottles, and some of your PILLS. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Morris, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general debility, and for purifying the blood, with very beneficial results, and feel compelled in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sicker, Esq., the able editor of the "Tunkannock Democrat," Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skillful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrosive sores which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the lotion of iodine, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had given the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Stout, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of Syphilis and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"DR. AYER. My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for Syphilis, and for all the secondary symptoms of the disease, in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alternative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Van Liew, of New Brunswick, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or mercurial disease, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhoea, Whites, Female Weakness, are generally produced by internal Scrofulous Taint, and are very often cured by the alternative effect of this SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, in aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the skillful application of local remedies.

From the well-known and widely-celebrated Dr. Jacob Morrill, of Cincinnati.

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alternative in diseases of females. Many cases of Irregularity, Leucorrhoea, Internal Ulceration, and local Debility, arising from the scrofulous taint, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:—

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very distressing Leucorrhoea of long standing, by two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia, when caused by Scrofula in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

MOORE & Co., Agents, Victoria, V. I. Sold by H. W. SMITH and Dr. JONES, New Westminster, and by every dealer in the Colony.

TO LEASE.

THE premises on the corner of Columbia and Mary streets, recently occupied by T. Stoddard, consisting of a paint-shop, dwelling and carpenter's shop.

Terms easy.

Apply to Wm. CLARKSON,
New Westminster, May 11th, 1887. te

FOR SALE.

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